

Mine Action sector in Colombia and our work



UNMAS

IMPACT OF EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE *

EVENTS RECORDED

37,295



98,98%
Rural Zone



1,02%
Urban Zone

REGISTERED VICTIMS

12,014



11,337
Men



633
Women



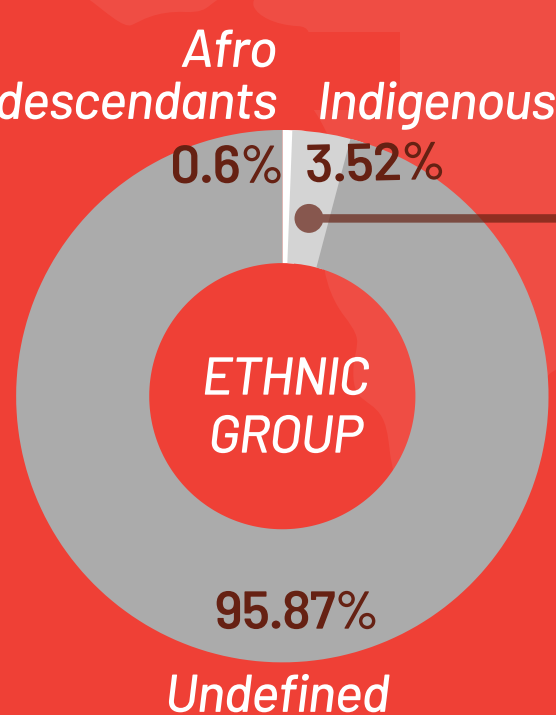
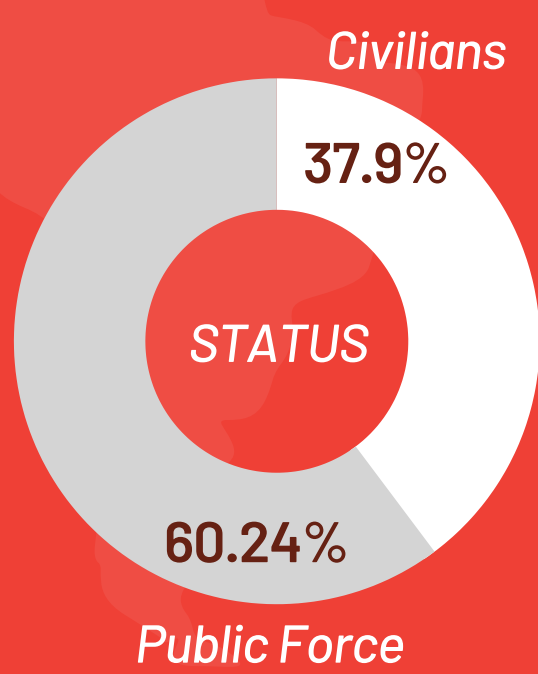
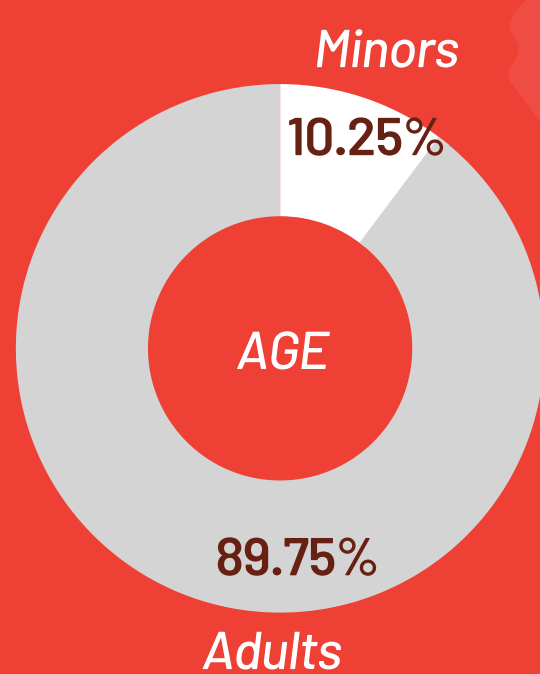
44
Unidentified

MOST AFFECTED DEPARTMENTS



- 1 Antioquia
- 2 Meta
- 3 Nariño
- 4 Caquetá
- 5 Norte de Santander

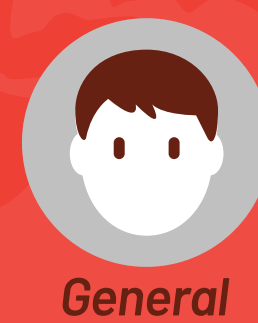
CHARACTERISTICS OF REGISTERED VICTIMS



IMPACT ON INDIGENOUS PEOPLE VS. GENERAL POPULATION



Indigenous



General

% Children victims
% Deaths

36.4%
30%

10.2%
19.4%

*Source: Descontamina Colombia. From 1990 until February 28, 2021

THE WORK OF UNMAS COLOMBIA **



Support for the inclusion of mine action in 72 regional and local plans, and support the local authorities to follow up the implementation of the activities.



73 municipalities developed or updated referral pathways for victims, in Antioquia, Caldas, Cauca, Chocó, Huila, Meta, Nariño and Norte de Santander.



47 ex-combatants trained and certified in mine action activities (Non-Technical Survey, Explosive Ordnance Disposal and Manual Clearance).



504 Female and 561 Male benefited from Explosive Ordnance Risk Education activities led by ex-combatants and local coordinators.



Support for 87 civilian victims of explosive ordnance to access the institutional victim assistance route.

Departments covered in 2020 by the Regional and Local Coordinators deployed by UNMAS for the Office of the High Commissioner for Peace



Gender parity in the UNMAS Colombia team



59%



41%

** Source: UNMAS Colombia. Until December 2020

United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS) works in Colombia with the support of:

